Managing Editors: S. Shrader, DVM, PhD J. Leal, DVM, MSc, PhD J. Asin, DVM, PhD

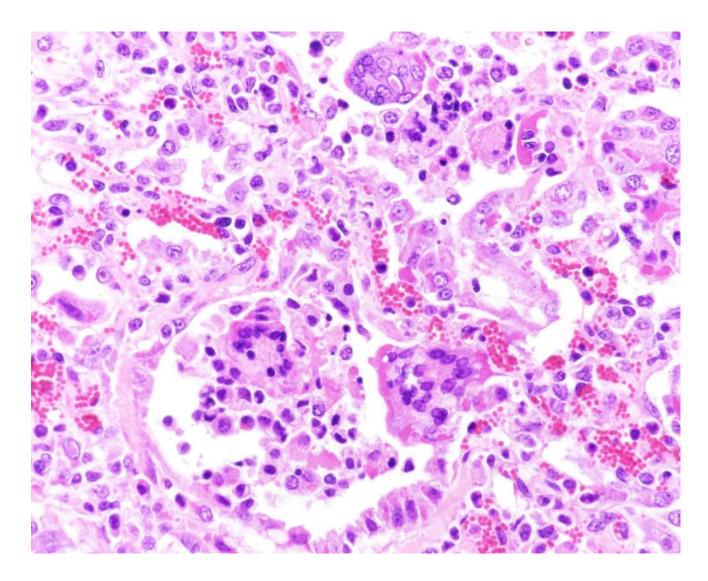


C.L. DAVIS/S.W. THOMPSON **DVM FOUNDATION**

A tax-exempt, donative, publicly-supported charity For the advancemet of veterinary and comparative pathology

THE DAVIS-THOMPSON **FOUNDATION NEWSLETTER**

April 2022 VOL. 52



INSIDE THIS ISSUE

Monthly cover photograph winner: Sawang Kesdangsakonwut

Institution: Department of Pathology, Faculty of Veterinary Science, Chulalong-korn, Thailand

Signalment: A 6-month-old, recently imported pygmy goat kid (Capra hircus).

Diagnosis: Lung, pneumonia, bronchointerstitial, necrotizing and lymphocytic, with syncytial cell formation and eosinophilic intracytoplasmic inclusion body in bronchiolar epithelium

Disease: Peste-des-petits-ruminants (PPR)

3	Commentary from the CEO	22	Seminar Series in Portuguese
4	Dr. Maxie's Guest Editorial	23	Eastern European Vet Path Meeting
7	Foundation's Announcements	24	US Descriptive Path Course
8	Seminar Reviews	25	Necropsy Course
13	Diagnostic Exercise	26	Literature & Interpretation Course
15	III Guatemalan Seminar	27	Annual Symposium of the European Division
16	Invertebrate Pathology Day Seminar	28	AAVLD Diseases of the Nervous System
17	Rewind Series	29	ACVP Pre-Meeting Workshop
18	Seminar Series in Spanish	30	Seminars in Latin America Calendar
19	Australian Seminar Series	31	BSTP Corner
20	Bolivian Seminar	33	IDEXX CaseConnexx Corner
21	Lab Animal Medicine & Pathology	34	Miscellaneous Announcements

CEO & CHAIRMAN OF THE

FRANCISCO A. UZAL, DVM, MSc, PhD

PRESIDENT

JEY KOEHLER, DVM, PhD

TREASURER

BRUCE H. WILLIAMS, DVM

BOARD MEMBERS

AUTRAN, RACHEL

BRAYTON, CORY

BRICE, ANGELA

BRITT, JAMES

BROWN, CORRIE C.

CARREIRA, VINICIUS

CARVALLO, FRANCISCO

CHAPMAN, JENNIFER

DARK, MICHAEL

DE NEGRI, RAFAELA

DEL PIERO, FABIO

DEMPSEY, STEPHEN M.

EDWARDS, JOHN

GENDRON-FITZPATRICK, ANNETTE

HYMAN, ROBERT

JEONG, KYU-SHIK

LANGOHR, INGEBORG

LOMBARDINI, ERIC

LYLE, TIFFANY

MCINNES, ELIZABETH

MCNAMARA, TRACEY S.

MÍRA, MÁNDOKI

OJOK, LONZY

PESAVENTO, PATTY

PRIESTNALL, SIMON

RAC, VLADISLAVA S.

ROSS, TONY

.....

SCOTT, DANA

_....

SIMKO, ELEMIR SLAOUI, MOHAMED

STROMBERG, PAUL

ZADOK, RUBEN

COMMENTARY FROM THE FOUNDATION'S CEO

Dear colleagues

Welcome to the April issue of the Davis/Thompson Foundation Newsletter, prepared as usual by our fantastic editors Stephanie Shrader, Javier Asin and Jeann Leal.

This month, in addition to our already traditional outstanding material on training opportunities and much more, we are delighted to share with you Dr Grant Maxie's editorial on "Clarity of expression in scientific writing". Dr Maxie is a real giant in the world of veterinary pathology. This masterpiece is a product of his many years of experience as an editor, including, amongst others, publications such as Jubb, Kennedy and Palmer's Pathology of Domestic Animals (now on its 6th Edition), The Canadian Veterinary Journal and The Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation. What we have here is a cutting-edge editorial, and anybody involved in scientific writing will benefit from this article, now and for a very long time to come. Our heartfelt thanks to Dr Maxie for his generous contribution!

We are also extremely proud to share with you the news that our very own Dr Bruce Williams, former President and CEO, and current Treasurer of the Davis Thompson Foundation, was recently awarded the Dean's Distinguished Service Award from The University of Georgia, his Alma Mater. Bruce was recognized, amongst other accolades, for his tireless training of young pathologists all over the world. What a wonderful achievement. Congratulations Bruce!

Enjoy!

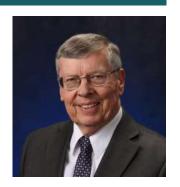
Paco Uzal Chief Executive Officer Davis-Thompson Foundation



DR. MAXIE'S GUEST EDITORIAL

Clarity of expression in scientific writing

Grant Maxie, DVM, PhD, Diplomate ACVP Editor-in-chief
Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation gmaxie@uoguelph.ca
https://journals.sagepub.com/home/vdi



Dr. Francisco (Paco) Uzal, lab director, pathologist, and inveterate volunteer, is one of the leading authors in the *Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation* and also serves as JVDI Images Editor. Paco has often seen my editing in action, and asked me to share some of my editing conventions with fellow pathologists in the Davis-Thompson Foundation newsletter, which I'm pleased to do.

Scientific writing, whether used in autopsy or biopsy reports, journal manuscripts, or board-type examinations, should follow the ABCs – be **acc**urate, **b**rief, and **c**lear. The guidelines that I follow for grammar, syntax, spelling, and taxonomy derive from published international standards, such as dictionaries, textbooks, style manuals, taxonomy standards (e.g., the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses), as are cited in journal Instructions for authors and elsewhere. Although I may be a thorn in the side of some, I do get the occasional gracious comment: from the author of a recent manuscript "Thank you for the rigorous editing and formatting. Among them were many helpful or instructive notes!"

Here are some of the canned comments that I use most commonly when editing:

- o JVDI uses "autopsy" or "postmortem examination" in preference to "necropsy". See editorial: Maxie G. Autopsy/necropsy, diagnosis/detection . . . what's in a word? J Vet Diagn Invest 2016;28:87.
- o **Present** rather than 'dogs present with...' (jargon), use "dogs are presented with ..."; "the horse had ..."; etc. (Humans present themselves for examination, animals do not.) A lesion can never present itself lesions occur, are seen as, display as, etc.
- o Signs and symptoms **signs** (objective) are observed; **symptoms** (subjective) are reported by humans; we observe only *clinical signs* in animals (fever, etc., animals cannot relay their 'symptoms' to us as humans can headache, etc.). Given that animals cannot express symptoms, their status may be termed *subclinical* rather than *asymptomatic*.

DR. MAXIE'S GUEST EDITORIAL

- o Disease agents or their products are **detected**, identified, or characterized, <u>not</u> <u>diagnosed</u> by laboratory tests (by <u>testing</u>, not by <u>diagnostics</u>). Diseases are diagnosed in animals, by clinicians or pathologists, based on clinical and/or pathology assessment and/or supported by ancillary tests.
- Agent infection disease. Agents be present commencan as without causing disease. Infection can occur without resulting overt disease.
- o Pathology = the study of disease. Lesions are the findings.
- o **Multifocal** is a redundant modifier of lesions that are inherently *multi* and *focal*, including foci, nodules, abscesses, petechiae, aggregates, masses. I find that *multifocal* is likely the most over-used term in the pathologist's lexicon, used especially egregiously in "multifocal foci".
- o Report mitotic activity as **mitotic count** (MC) and not *mitotic index* (MI). Meuten DJ, et al. Mitotic count and the field of view area: time to standardize. Vet Pathol 2016;23:1–15.
- o **Eponymous terms** are used in a descriptive or adjectival sense, are not true possessives, and hence do not require an 's (Gram stain, Masson trichrome stain, etc.). Note: Gram stain, but gram-positive or gram-negative bacteria (CDC Style Guide). "The transition of eponyms to the nonpossessive form is consistent with a linguistic perspective and with trends in English usage." AMA Manual of Style, 11th ed.
- o Gross or histologic examinations themselves are not **pathologic**, i.e., abnormal. Hence, pathologic, histopathologic, and cytopathologic *findings* or *features* pass muster, but any of these terms modifying "lesions" are redundant *histologic lesion* is appropriate; *histopathologic lesion* is redundant.
- o Which leads us naturally to **-ic** versus **-ical**. The shorter form, -ic, is generally preferred (personal preference, or common usage), e.g., bacteriologic, epidemiologic, etiologic, histologic, morphologic, parasitologic, serologic, virologic, zoologic, but this rule is not absolute, and some adjectives are only used in the -ic form, e.g., *genetic*, but never *genetical*, and some are only –ical, *chemical* but never *chemic*. Some distinctions are clear *economic* refers to the area of financial activities; economical means good value, inexpensive, not wasteful. The *AMA Manual of Style* states that the most important aspect is to use the terms consistently throughout the article, chapter, or publication, but that "... usually the '-al' may be omitted unless its absence changes the meaning of the word." I delete most of the -als.

DR. MAXIE'S GUEST EDITORIAL

- o Eliminate **redundancy** in descriptions: large in size, soft in consistency, round in shape, red in color, case number 1. ELISA test test is redundant; ELISA = enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay; A = assay.
- o Humane **euthanasia**. *Humane* is redundant, given that euthanasia means good death, and the obverse would be "inhumane euthanasia". As per the AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals: "A good death is tantamount to the humane termination of an animal's life." https://www.avma.org/resources-tools/avma-policies/avma-guidelines-euthanasia-animals
- o Use the active voice and direct speech, and avoid the use of **filler words**: *it is, it was, there is, there has been, it is important, it is hypothesized that, it was predicted that, there is evidence suggesting that, in order to, there is a significant relationship, the presence of.* https://www.scitechedit.com/en-gb/writing-tips/item/18-tips-to-improve-your-science-writing
- o **Stacked modifiers**. My preference is to form diagnoses as phrases in English, as we would speak, e.g., severe, acute, fibrinous pneumonia, rather than the cumbersome pneumonia, fibrinous, acute, severe.
- o **Hyphenated compound modifiers**. Examples: reverse-transcription real-time PCR (RT rtPCR); 96-well ELISA plates; T-cell–rich, large B-cell lymphoma (but when used free-standing, T cells, B cells).
- o **Parasitosis** = the parasite is pathogenic and harms its host = active disease; **parasitiasis** = the parasite is potentially pathogenic but does not harm its host = the carrier state, and applies to the incubation period. A hookworm infection in which there are too few worms to cause significant damage is a case of *parasitiasis*; a hookworm infection in which the worms cause clinical damage is a case of *parasitosis*; Kassai T, et al. Standardized nomenclature of animal parasitic diseases (SNOAPAD). Vet Parasitol 1988;29:299-326.

These notes may be more than what Paco bargained for (I have many more pages of editing conventions!), but I do hope that they help pathologists, especially those in training, to develop good writing habits and to produce accurate, brief, and clear prose communications.

FOUNDATION'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

Dr. Bruce Williams, Foundation's treasurer, receives the Dean's Distinguished Service Award from UGA

From UGA alumn FB page:

Dr. Williams is a graduate of UGA in the DVM class of 1985. He is the senior pathologist of the Department of Pathology at the Army's Joint Pathology Center where he has served since 1989. He is also a prior President and Chief Executive Officer of the Davis-Thompson Foundation for the Advancement of Pathology - the largest not-forprofit organization in veterinary pathology in the world, and still serves as its Chief Financial Officer.



In the last 30 years, he has not only trained over 150 pathology residents for the Department of Defense, but his outreach has reached thousands of other pathology trainees around the world. He has directed and lectured at over 100 pathology courses, given numerous lectures at schools on six continents, and published numerous book chapters and peer-reviewed articles on the pathology of all species of animals. His online lectures on veterinary pathology have garnered millions of views and considered required watching for pathology trainees around the world. He is especially proud of his 40+ years in military service in uniform and as a civilian, and has no plans on ever retiring.



Bone Marrow Histopathology Dr Rose Raskin

11 MARCH 2022 SEMINAR REVIEW



In this extremely important webinar, Dr Raskin shared valuable information on Bone Marrow Histopathology. The webinar was a hit, with over 700 attendees from all over the world!

Dr Raskin shared information on topics such as bone marrow sampling, and presented clinical cases with bone marrow histological findings. The Q&A section generated important discussions and attendees were really engaged!



Workshop on Pathology of Ruminant Diseases, including Wildlife



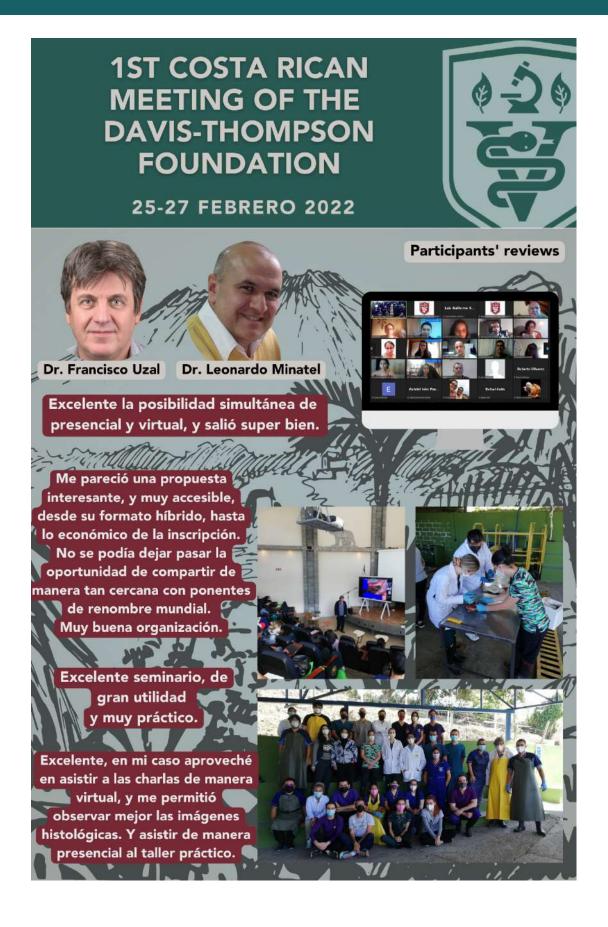
University of Veterinary and Agricultural Sciences Lahore, Pakistan March 21-23, 2022

by Dr. Corrie Brown

The third national GHPN veterinary pathology workshop was held over three days in Lahore, Pakistan, in late March. Sixty veterinarians from around the country came to the University of Veterinary and Animal Sciences (UVAS) Lahore to learn more about ruminant and wildlife diseases. This college of veterinary medicine is the oldest veterinary school on the subcontinent, and boasts the oldest veterinary teaching hospital in all of Asia. Facilitators from the Global Health Pathology Network (GHPN) included Corrie Brown, Patty Gaffney, and Ishtiaq Ahmed. Over three days, each morning, participants reviewed case-based material on various diseases of ruminants and wildlife, with a focus on understanding pathogenesis and formulating morphologic diagnoses. Faculty members from the Department of Pathology, UVAS Lahore, also helped guide the small group discussions of cases. Afternoons were spent in necropsy, with an emphasis on learning systematic processes and determining cause of death. There were numerous highlights of the course. An alumni reunion on the first evening featured ethnic dancers and also several competitions, including sharpshooting. Corrie Brown won the award for best female sharpshooter (!), and the prize was a large wall plaque with a saying from the Koran about the importance of strong friendships, eminently applicable for the connections of the GHPN with Pakistani colleagues. A more academic highlight occurred when two spotted deer were submitted for necropsy from a local zoo and Patty Gaffney, head pathologist at the San Diego Zoo, was able to conduct a very practical session on pathology of wildlife. Dr. Ishtiag Ahmed, the driving force behind the workshops, and also a member of the GHPN, described how monthly telepathology sessions with colleagues in the US, organized with ClassSarah Corner, also of the GHPN, have been established and can be accessed by anyone in Pakistan.

Also, Dr. Ishtiaq described how he and other colleagues have recently re-invigorated the Pakistani Society of Veterinary Pathology. As the two US visitors were leaving, colleagues in Pakistan were already planning the next national GHPN workshop. The GHPN is very grateful for the strong friendships with Pakistani colleagues, and the opportunities to connect and collaborate.









Davis-Thompson Foundation







Dr. Kelly



Dr. Donovan



Dr. O'Brie

Cardiovascular pathology

BY SOFIA ROSALES-MARTINEZ

On February 22nd the Davis-Thompson Foundation brought together a group of first-class speakers in heart pathology, which presented a set of four wonderful lectures about heart diseases in different species (great apes, dogs, cats and horses) as well as the last advances in experimental pathology concerning heart devices assessment. It is worth mentioning that some heart dissection techniques were provided, so they can be used in different diagnostic settings such as sudden death investigations and assessment of congenital heart disease.

Definitely, a great opportunity to recall information and update knowledge on this complex and interesting body system!

From the audience's point of view:

"The lectures cover a great deal of information. The links between the physiology, gross findings and microscopic lesions of the heart were well presented."

"All of the speakers were very knowledgeable and had excellent presentation skills. I can't wait to try out my new heart sampling techniques on the PM

"Great seminar full of helpful tips for both diagnostic and research-oriented cardiovascular pathology! All the speakers were very knowledgeable and put on great talks."



DIAGNOSTIC EXERCISE



Case: **184**; Month: **March**; Year: **2022**

Question Sheet

Contributor: Anne Ching-Nga Tse, DVM, Diplomate ACVP (anne_cn_tse@afcd.gov.hk); Carlton Pak-Man Yuen, BVSc; Tai Lung Veterinary Laboratory; Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department, Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, Hong Kong SAR.

Clinical History: Five-year-old, spayed, stray brown cow with generalized cutaneous nodules present for a week.

Necropsy Findings: The animal is in good nutritional condition. Several ticks are present on the ventrum and withers. Multifocally and widespread, affecting all areas of skin in a random distribution, there are variably sized (1-4 cm in diameter) cutaneous and/or subcutaneous nodules, sometimes with a targetoid appearance. A few nodules are ulcerated, and others have a central dense crust. On cut section, many nodules are well demarcated, with a light pink center delineated by a dark red haemorrhagic/hyperaemic line (acute infarcts). Similar nodules and ulcers are also present over the teats.

Skinning reveals extensive subcutaneous thickening with yellowish gelatinous material (oedema) as well as multifocal areas of dark red discoloration (haemorrhages). Multiple superficial lymph nodes are enlarged and haemorrhagic, with the right pre-scapular lymph node most severely affected, measuring 16x7x8 cm.

Gross Images:



Figure 1



DIAGNOSTIC EXERCISE





Figure 2

Follow-up Questions:

- 1. What is your morphologic diagnosis?
- 2. What is the most likely etiologic diagnosis?
- 3. What are the expected histologic findings?

*The Diagnostic Exercises are an initiative of the **Latin Comparative Pathology Group (LCPG)**, the Latin American subdivision of The DavisThompson Foundation. These exercises are contributed by members and
non-members from any country of residence. Consider submitting an
exercise! A final document containing this material with answers and a brief
discussion will be posted on the CL Davis website

Associate Editor for this Diagnostic Exercise: Ingeborg Langohr Editor-in-chief: Claudio Barros

Click here for answers

III GUATEMALAN SEMINAR





Gisela Martinez-Romero DVM, PhD, DACVP



Enrique Aburto DVM, PhD, DACVP





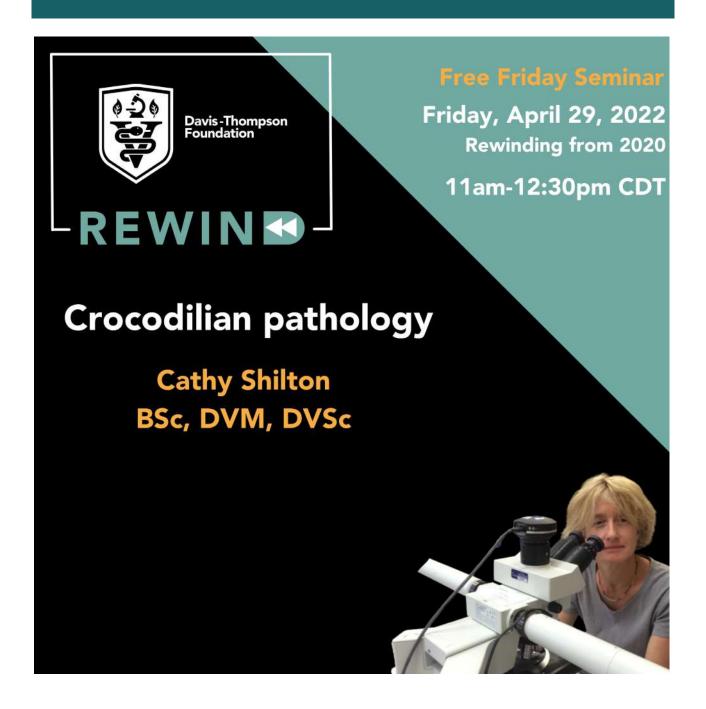
8:00 am-11:45 am GT



INVERTEBRATE PATHOLOGY DAY SEMINAR



REWIND SERIES



SEMINAR SERIES IN SPANISH



Click here to register for individual seminars

AUSTRALIAN SEMINAR SERIES





Australian Seminar Series

1st semester 2022

Australian dates. See Foundation website for details and USA schedule.



Click here to register for individual seminars

BOLIVIAN SEMINAR





II SEMINARIO DE LA SUBDIVISIÓN BOLIVIANA



Patología macroscópica del bovino y patologías respiratorias de cerdos.

JUEVES 5 DE MAYO 2022 - 10:00 - 15:00 CDMX



Mario Bedolla MVZ, MSc



Alfonso Lopez MVZ, MSc, PhD.



LAB ANIMAL MEDICINE & PATHOLOGY



SEMINAR SERIES IN PORTUGUESE



EASTERN EUROPEAN VET PATH MEETING

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Ss. Cyril and Methodius University in Skopje and Davis-Thompson Foundation

3rd Annual
Davis-Thompson
Foundation
Eastern European
Veterinary Pathology
Meeting

25-27 MAY 2022

Hotel Sileks, Ohrid, R. North Macedonia



Registration fee 100 EUR Discounted hotel rates when booked before 31st March 2022



Francisco Uzal DVM, MSc, PhD, DACVP

> Bovine pathology Alimentary diseases of domestic animals

Monika Welle DVM, DECVP, Prof. Dr. med. vet.

Dermatopathology

Trpe Ristoski _{DVM, PhD}

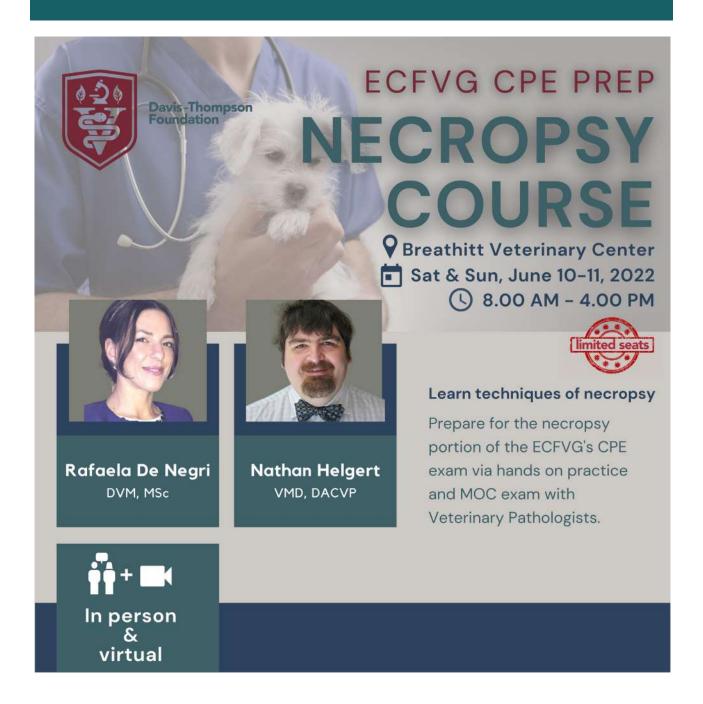
Infectious diseases of dogs and cats



US DESCRIPTIVE PATH COURSE



NECROPSY COURSE



LITERATURE & INTERPRETATION COURSE



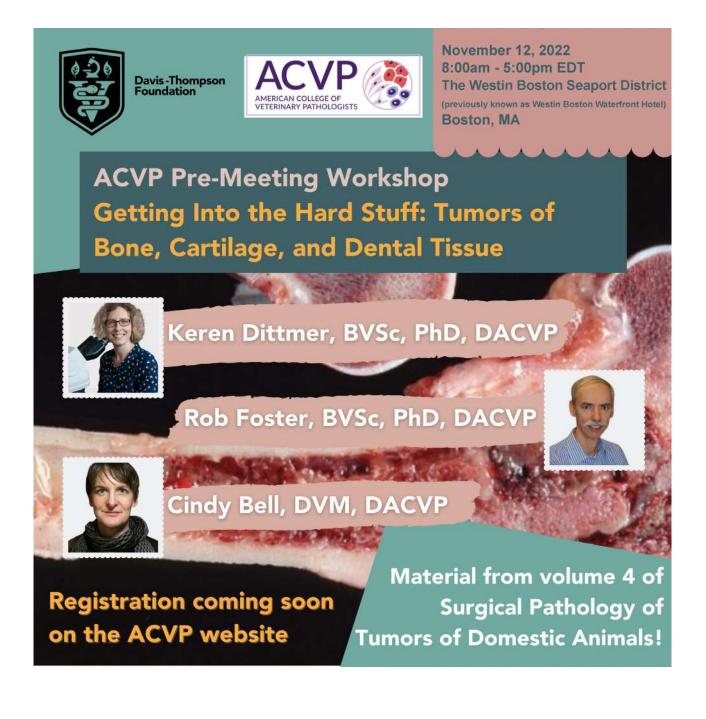
ANNUAL SYMPOSIUM OF THE EUROPEAN DIVISION



AAVLD DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM



ACVP PRE-MEETING WORKSHOP



DT FOUNDATION SEMINARS IN LATIN AMERICA

DAVIS-THOMPSON OUNDATION SEMINARS IN **LATIN AMERICA 2022** Country Seminar Main topics **Dates Speakers** Organizer **Format** Gabriel Senties Cue, XVI Argentinean Rocio Marini; Ana pathology 24-25 Argentina Seminar of the Carmen Jerry, Marti Hybrid neuropath, August Canal Pumarola Batlle, Mario Bedolla DTF bovine diseases **II Bolivian** pathology; Mario Bedolla, Bolivia Seminar of the porcine 5 May Rodolfo Nallar Virtual Alfonso Lopez DTF respiratory pathology Brazil TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC Pathology of VII Chilean Carlos Sandoval. Chile Meeting of fish and 20-21 Oct Paola Barato, Karin Carlos Flores Hybrid Histopathology mollusks Lohrman Colombia TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC TBC GI Pathology, I Costa Rican Leonardo Minatel, respiratory Costa Rica Seminar of the 25-27 Feb **Roberto Olivares** Hybrid pathology, Francisco Uzal DTF abortion III Guatemalan Cardiovascular Enrique Aburto. Seminar of the Guatemala 6 Apr Deborah Rodriguez Virtual pathology Gisela Martinez DTF Mariela Diaz, Ignacio Rangel, Osvaldo **IV** Mexican Lopez, Esperanza Ubicelio Martin Wildlife Mexico Seminar of the Yanez, Alfredo Hybrid September Orozco pathology DTF TBC Perez, Emily Mitchell, Sarah Clift, Johan Steyl Respiratory Uruguayan pathology, neuropath Claudio Barros, Jose Manuel 22-23 Aug Seminar of the Hybrid Uruguay Verdes Francisco Carvallo DTF

BSTP CORNER



BRITISH SOCIETY OF TOXICOLOGICAL PATHOLOGY

Notice of Future Meetings - March 2022



Virtual CES 6: Male Reproductive System Tuesday 5th – Thursday 14th July 2022

CES 6 will be held over two weeks – on the afternoons of Tuesday 5th, Wednesday 6th, Thursday 7th, Tuesday 12th, Wednesday 13th and Thursday 14th July 2022, from 13.00 – 16.30/17.00 (GMT+1, London/UCT+1) each day.

Continuing Professional Development:

Approved by the Royal Society of Biology for the purposes of CPD, this event may be counted as approximately 53 credits. Approximately 17.5 hours of educational activity will be recorded on Attendance Certificates.

This Continuing Education Symposium will cover an overview of the male reproductive system in preclinical animal species.

We are pleased to announce that Dianne Creasy will be the keynote speaker.

<< REGISTRATION IS NOW OPEN >>

If you would like further information, have any queries, or would like to reserve a place, please contact the BSTP Secretariat – bstpsecretariat@gmail.com

or visit http://www.bstp.org.uk/events/ces-6-male-reproductive-system/

37th Annual Scientific Meeting of the BSTP & AGM – Digital Pathology and Mouse Pathology Workshop Thursday 10th & Friday 11th November 2022 Harrogate, North Yorkshire, UK

Continuing Professional Development: Royal Society of Biology CPD credits will be applied for.

We are delighted to invite you to attend IN PERSON the Digital Pathology and Mouse Pathology Workshop (in collaboration with Pathology Society of Great Britain and Ireland) which will be held on 10th and 11th November 2022 in Harrogate, UK. This conference will give you the opportunity to join a talented digital pathology community in person following a long absence of face-to-face gatherings. You will have direct access to international key opinion leaders, cutting-edge (or pre-event) workshops & discussions, Pharma/Biotech case studies, keynote lectures, and an innovating poster session. Digital pathology areas include nonclinical solutions for drug development, clinical learning-based diagnostic tools, digital image analysis solutions, quality management with regulatory compliance, digital peer review, digital primary slide reading, deep learning-based artificial intelligence concepts and much more.

The Mouse Pathology Workshop will aim to have a mix of talks to enable those in the early stages of their career to learn about pathology basics.

You will be able to create new collaborations and build on existing partnerships across industry & academia.

For up-to-date information, keep checking:

http://www.bstp.org.uk/events/37th-annual-scientific-meeting-of-the-bstp/

BSTP CORNER



Future BSTP events are due to take place as follows:

5th – 14th July 2022 Virtual CES 6 - Male Reproductive System

10th & 11th November 2022 37th Annual Scientific Meeting & AGM (IN PERSON)

Digital Pathology and Mouse Pathology Workshop

14th – 23rd March 2023 Virtual CES 7 - Infectious diseases of laboratory animals

4th – 13th July 2023 Virtual CES 8 - Nervous System

November 2023 38th Annual Scientific Meeting & AGM

March 2024 CES 9 - Urinary System
July 2024 CES 10 - Digestive System

November 2024 39th Annual Scientific Meeting & AGM

March 2025 CES 11 - Cardiovascular System
July 2025 CES 12 - Endocrine System

November 2025 40th Annual Scientific Meeting & AGM

March 2026 CES 13 - Urinary System

July 2026 CES 14 - Lymphoid & Haematopoietic Systems
November 2026 41st Annual Scientific Meeting & AGM

March 2027 CES 15 - Musculoskeletal System & Skin

The order of the CES will depend on the availability of high-quality speakers who are world experts in their particular field to present at the relevant meeting. Details of future meetings are correct at the time this booklet is generated, the BSTP will not be held responsible for any changes to dates, topics and venues of these meetings.

Webinars

BSTP webinars - in collaboration with the Society of Toxicological Pathology (STP) Organisation still in progress

BSTP webinars - in collaboration with the ESTP/SFPT/BSTP and ECVP/ESVP

6th Joint Webinar of the ESTP/SFTP/BSTP and ECVP/ESVP, Monday April 25th, 2022 "Hot topics in Veterinary and Toxicologic Pathology".

For information on any events organised by the BSTP, please contact the BSTP Secretariat - bstpsecretariat@gmail.com

or visit the website - http://www.bstp.org.uk/bstp-events/

or http://www.bstp.org.uk/bstp-webinars/

IDEXX CASECONNEXX CORNER

Signalment: 12 -year-old, female spayed, Miniature Pinscher

Source/ History: Proptosis OD - concerned for retrobulbar mass due to IOP remaining normal despite proptosis

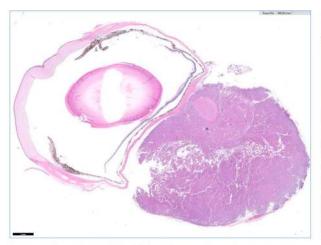


Figure 1. (0.5X magnification, H&E stain) Retrobulbar mass. Surrounding the optic nerve, is an unencapsulated, moderately to densely cellular neoplasm.

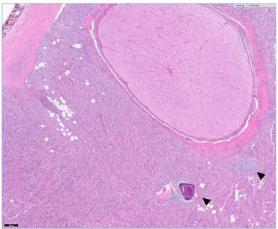


Figure 2. (5X magnification, H&E stain) The mass is composed of streams, bundles sheets, and occasional whorls supported by a fine fibrovascular stroma. Multifocally, there are a few foci of osseous and chondroid metaplasia (black arrowheads).

Microscopic Description:

Microscopic Description:

Surrounding the optic nerve and seeming to arise from the optic nerve meninges is a moderately to densely cellular neoplasm composed of polygonal to spindloid cells arranged in streams, bundles, sheets, and occasional whorls supported by a fine fibrovascular stroma. The cells have moderate amounts of pale eosinophilic cytoplasm and indistinct cellular borders. Nuclei are oval or round, with finely stippled chromatin, and 1 to 2, small, nucleoli. There is mild-moderate anisocytosis and anisokaryosis. Multifocally, there are a few foci of osseous and chondroid metaplasia. Within the lens, there is mild degeneration of lens fibers and Morgagnian globules. There is mild hyperplasia of the corneal epithelium.

Microscopic Interpretation: Eye, OD: 1) Orbital meningioma Mitotic count: 4 in ten high power fields (total area of 2.37

Vascular/lymphatic invasion: Not observed

Mild cataractous changes and mild corneal epithelial hyperplasia

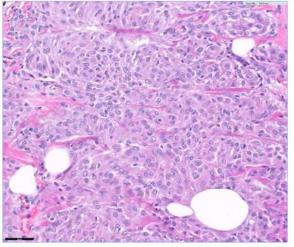


Figure 3. (40X magnification, H&E stain) Neoplastic cells are polygonal to spindloid with moderate amounts of pale eosinophilic cytoplasm and indistinct cellular borders. Nuclei are oval or round, with finely stippled chromatin, and 1 to 2, small, nucleoli.

The anatomic location and histologic features of the retrobulbar mass are consistent with a canine orbital meningioma. Meningiomas in the retrobulbar location are considered rare and may be primary arising from the optic nerve meninges or extending from an intracranial neoplasm along the optic nerve.

Meningiomas of the optic nerve tend to be slow growing and locally invasive, but unlikely/rare to metastasize. In one review evaluating orbital meningiomas in dogs, local recurrence was reported in 6 out of 17 cases with follow up information.

Case by Joseph Malatos, DVM, DACVP





MISCELLANEOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS



Membership Fees:

- \$50 Professionals in US, Canada, and Europe
- \$30 Professionals in Latin America
- \$25 Students in US, Canada, and Europe
- \$15 Students in Latine America

CLICK HERE to learn more.

Use this link to join: https://davisthompsonfoundation.regfox.com/lcpg-membership LCPG is the proud Latin American Division of the Davis Thompson Foundation

MISCELLANEOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS



www.vcgp.org is now live!

The goal of the website and the mission of VCGP is to improve care for animals with cancer through standardization of tumor evaluation and reporting. This website provides guidelines for assessing common parameters used in the light microscopic assessment of animal tumors as well as complete protocols recommended for investigators seeking to establish tumor grading systems. VCGP created this website to maintain these guidelines and protocols as centralized resources for veterinary anatomic and clinical pathologists to assist in reporting and gathering relevant information about aggressive tumors. Detailed protocols and guidelines are educational and research resources while the concise versions are user ready checklists for diagnosticians and editors/reviewers of manuscripts. These are living documents that will be updated and are continuations of manuscripts published by our veterveterinary pathologist colleagues.

See: International Guidelines for Veterinary Tumor Pathology: A Call to Action - https://doi.org/10.1177/03009858211013712



Grab a cozy Davis-Thompson Foundation sweater to get you through this winter and to show off the mighty pathologist that you are!

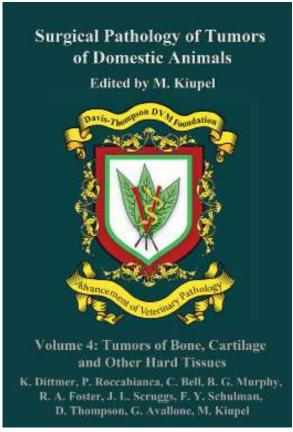
Get it HERE





...and T-shirts are still available!

MISCELLANEOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS



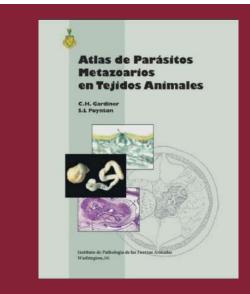
CLICK HERE to order your copy today!

RETIRING?

Have slides left over from your recent slide seminar? Just looking to free up some storage space? The Foundation is looking for additional glass slides, kodachromes and other similar materials for its Correspondence Division and Study Centers. All materials should be well identified with as much accompany history and discussion as possible, as these materials are expressly used for teaching. Moreover, as the Foundation is a publicly donative charity, all donated materials are tax-deductible. For more information, please contact Dr. Bruce Williams at bruce.h.williams.dvm@gmail.com.

Davis-Thompson Foundation Pathology Externship

Since 1980, the Davis-Thompson Foundation lab sites have hosted more than 125 veterinary students at 8 participating diagnostic laboratories. These students usually have a strong interest in pathology itself or zoo or poultry medicine that require a strong pathology background. The Foundation is always interested in having veterinary students apply for an externship and we would like to add more externship sites that do not usually have veterinary students, to help increase their interest and knowledge of pathology with some offcampus experience. For more information, contact Dr. Jim Britt, jobritt@sbcglobal.net; 501-912-1449.



Atlas De Parasitos Metazoarios En Tejidos Animales - Click Here to Get a Digital Download!



DAVIS-THOMPSON FOUNDATION Phone: 847-367-4359 Fax: 847-247-1869

